



UNIVERSITY EXAMINATIONS

FIRST SEMESTER 2025/2026 ACADEMIC YEAR

SECOND YEAR EXAMINATION FOR THE DEGREE OF BACHELOR OF SCIENCE (GENERAL)

MATH 212: VECTOR ANALYSIS

STREAM: R

TIME: 2 HRS

DAY: WEDNESDAY [11.30 – 1.30 P.M]

DATE: 28/01/2026

THIS QUESTION PAPER CONSISTS OF THREE (3) PAGES

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INSTRUCTION: ANSWER QUESTION ONE ANY OTHER TWO

QUESTION ONE (30 MARKS)

- a) Distinguish between a solenoidal and an Irrotational vector (2 marks)
- b) Given the vectors $\vec{A}=8\hat{i}+2\hat{j}+4\hat{k}$ and $\vec{B}=-3\hat{i}+4\hat{j}-5\hat{k}$: find
- The magnitude of the vector $\vec{A} \times \vec{B}$ (4 marks)
 - Directional cosines of the vector $\vec{B}$ (2 marks)
 - Unit vector in the direction of $\vec{B}$ (2 marks)
 - $(\vec{A} + 2\vec{B}) \cdot (-5\vec{A} - \vec{B})$ (3 marks)
- c) Given $\vec{r}$ to be a position vector, show that $(\vec{f} \cdot \nabla)\vec{r} = \vec{f}$ (3 marks)
- d) A particle moves along a curve whose parametric equations are;
 $x = e^{-2t}, y = \cos 3t, z = 2 \sin 3t$, where t is the time determine
- Its velocity and acceleration at any time (4 marks)
 - The magnitude of the velocity and acceleration at $t = 0$ (3 marks)
- e) Evaluate
- $\int_0^2 \int_1^3 xy^2 dy dx$ (3 marks)
 - $\iiint_B x^3 yz^2 dv$ given that $\{B = x, y, z | 0 \leq x \leq 2, -2 \leq y \leq 3, 0 \leq z \leq 1\}$ (4 marks)

QUESTION TWO (20 MARKS)

- a) Define
- a cylindrical co-ordinate system (2 marks)
 - Convert the Cartesian coordinates for $(4, -5, 2)$ into Cylindrical coordinates. (3 marks)
 - Use cylindrical co-ordinates system to evaluate $\iiint_v x dv$ where v is the cylinder bounded by $x^2 + y^2 = 4, z = 0, z = 3$ (5 marks)
- b) Given the vectors $\vec{A} = \hat{i} - 3\hat{j} + \hat{k}$ and $\vec{B} = 3\hat{i} + 4\hat{j} - \hat{k}$. Find;
- Angle between $\vec{A}$ and $\vec{B}$ (3 marks)
 - $\frac{(\vec{B} \cdot \vec{A})}{|\vec{B}| |\vec{A}|}$ (3 marks)
 - $|(\vec{A} + \vec{B}) \times (\vec{A} - \vec{B})|$ (4 marks)

QUESTION THREE (20 MARKS)

- a) Proof that $\frac{d}{du}(\vec{A} \times \vec{B}) = \vec{A} \times \frac{d\vec{B}}{du} + \frac{d\vec{A}}{du} \times \vec{B}$ (4 marks)
- b) Given $\vec{A} = \sin xy\hat{i} + (3y - 2x)\hat{j} - (3x + 2y)\hat{k}$; Evaluate
- i) $\frac{\partial^2 \vec{A}}{\partial x \partial y}$ (3 marks)
- ii) $\frac{\partial^2 \vec{A}}{\partial y \partial y}$ (3 marks)
- c) i) State the Green theorem (2 marks)
- iii) Verify the greens theorem in the integral $\oint (xy + y^2) dx + (x^2) dy$ where c is the closed curve of the region bounded by $y = x$ and $y = x^2$ (6 marks)
- d) List two vector quantities (2 marks)

QUESTION FOUR (20 MARKS)

- a) Given that $\vec{F} = xz^3\hat{i} - 2xyz\hat{j} + xz\hat{k}$, find
- i) $\text{Div } \vec{F}$ at the point (1,2,0) (4 marks)
- ii) $\text{Curl of } \vec{F}$ at the point (-4,0,-2) (4 marks)
- b) What are coplanar vectors (2 marks)
- c) i) State gauss' Divergence Theorem (2 marks)
- ii) Evaluate $\oiint \vec{A} \cdot \vec{n} ds$ over the region bounded by $x = 0, y = 0, z = 0, x = a, y = b, z = c$ where $\vec{A} = (x^2 + yz)\hat{i} + (y^2 - zx)\hat{j} + (z^2 - xy)\hat{k}$ using divergence theorem (4 marks)
- d) Determine the value of ∇Q at the points $(1, \frac{\pi}{2}, 1)$ given that $Q = z \sin(xy - \frac{\pi}{2})$ (4 marks)

QUESTION FIVE (20 MARKS)

- a) Given the curve $x = t^3, y = 4t^2, z = 2t^2 - 6t$. Find ;
- i) The unit tangent vector to any point on the curve (4 marks)
- ii) Determine the unit tangent at $t = -3$ (2 marks)
- b) Given $u = xyz^2$ and $\vec{r} = xz\hat{i} - xy\hat{j} + yz^2\hat{k}$. Find
- i) $\frac{\partial^2}{\partial x \partial z}(u\vec{r})$ (3 marks)
- ii) $\frac{\partial^3}{\partial x^2 \partial z}(u\vec{r})$ (3 marks)
- c) State stokes theorem (2 marks)
- d) Verify stokes theorem given $\vec{A} = (x + y)\hat{i} + (2y - x)\hat{j} + z^2\hat{k}$ and S is the upper surface of the sphere $x^2 + y^2 + z^2 = 1$ (6 marks)