

LAIKIPIA



UNIVERSITY

# UNIVERSITY EXAMINATIONS

2<sup>ND</sup> SEMESTER 2023/2024 ACADEMIC YEAR

THIRD YEAR EXAMINATION FOR THE DEGREE  
BACHELOR OF SCIENCE IN ECONOMICS AND  
STATISTICS

**ECON .321: ECONOMETRICS II**

***STREAM:***

***TIME: 2 HRS***

***DAY: THURSDAY [11.30-1.30 P.M]***

***DATE: 11/04/2024***

**THIS QUESTION PAPER CONSISTS OF FIVE (5) PAGES**

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**Instructions**

1. Answer question **ONE**, and any other **TWO** questions.
2. Question **ONE** is compulsory and carries **30** marks
3. All other questions carry **20** marks each.
4. Clearly show all your calculations.
5. Ensure your handwriting is neat and your sentences are grammatically correct.

**QUESTION ONE**

- a) “Pure heteroskedasticity does not lead to biasedness in coefficient estimates”. True or false? Justify. **(3 marks)**
- b) Distinguish between a linear and a nonlinear model. **(3 marks)**
- c) “Multicollinearity is not a modelling problem but a data problem”. True or false. Justify. **(2 marks)**
- d) Explain **THREE** econometric consequences of multicollinearity. **(6 marks)**
- e) Results for Breusch-Godfrey Serial Correlation LM Test for some hypothetical OLS model estimates were reported as,

Breusch-Godfrey Serial Correlation LM Test:

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F-statistic	0.216916	Prob. F(2,4)	0.8139
Obs*R-squared	3.033226	Prob. Chi-Square(2)	0.2195

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**Required:**

- i) Is classical linear model assumption of serially uncorrelated residuals violated or not? Justify. **(3 marks)**
- ii) The Durbin-Watson test reported a statistic of 1.914165. Does it support the LM test results or not? Justify. **(2 marks)**
- f) Results for Breusch-Pagan-Godfrey Test for some hypothetical OLS model estimates were reported as,

Heteroskedasticity Test: Breusch-Pagan-Godfrey

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F-statistic	0.386216	Prob. F(24,6)	0.9555
Obs*R-squared	18.81859	Prob. Chi-Square(24)	0.7616
Scaled explained SS	0.761308	Prob. Chi-Square(24)	1.0000

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Is classical linear model assumption of homoscedasticity violated or not? Justify. (3 marks)

g) A political scientist studying voter turnout during a general election in country X used the probit model. The author postulated a linear relationship between an index of voter turnout **I** and certain voting attributes based on government policies on a number of issues. The postulated model is,

$$I = \alpha_0 + \alpha_1 X_1 + \alpha_2 X_2 + \dots + \alpha_k X_k + \xi$$

Variables	Coefficient	Standard Error
Education	+0.154	0.061
Education squared	+0.013	0.004
Employment	-0.131	0.053
Taxation policies	-0.104	0.045
Policy on Multiparty	-0.187	0.055
Women’s Rights	+0.111	0.055
n=1750	R <sup>2</sup> =0.510	

**Required:**

- i) Explain why education squared is included in the model? (1 mark)
- ii) Interpret individual parameter the results. (6 marks)
- iii) Interpret the overall model performance. (1 mark)

**QUESTION TWO**

a) Suppose a researcher estimated the following regression of output Y on labour L and capita K based on 20 observations.

$$\log \hat{Y}_t = 0.980 + 0.41 \log L_t - 0.28 \log K_t$$

t = (1.689) (1.41) (-1.00) R<sup>2</sup> = 0.86

**Required:**

- i) What is the possible econometric problem with these results? Give reasons for your answer. (5 Marks)
- ii) Suggest five remedies for the problem in 2(i). (5 marks)



b) Suppose you are given the following data on income (X), number of families at income X (N<sub>1</sub>) and number of families owning a house (n<sub>1</sub>).

X	N <sub>1</sub>	n <sub>1</sub>
5	30	6
8	40	10
11	50	14
13	75	30
16	58	28
19	38	22
21	20	17

**Required:**

Estimate the data using the Logit model.

(10 Marks)

**QUESTION THREE**

- a) Explain **FOUR** sources of autocorrelation in the data. (8 marks)
- b) Explain **TWO** consequences of autocorrelation in the data. (4 marks)
- c) Derive the maximum likelihood given the following two variable regression model,

$$Y_i = \beta_0 + \beta_1 X_i + \mu.$$

(8 Marks)

**QUESTION FOUR**

- a) Explain **THREE** sources of heteroscedasticity in data. (6 Marks)
- b) Explain **THREE** methods of detecting for autocorrelation in data. (6 Marks)
- c) Discuss **FOUR** methods of detecting the presence of severe multicollinearity in the data. (8 marks)

**QUESTION FIVE**

- a) Explain **THREE** consequences of autocorrelation in data. (6 Marks)
- b) You are given the following hypothetical data on home ownership Y(1= owns a house, 0 = does not own a house) and X is number of years worked by employees.

Employee	Y	X
1	0	8
2	1	16
3	1	18
4	0	11



5	0	12
6	1	19
7	1	20
8	0	13
9	0	9
10	0	10
11	1	17
12	1	18
13	0	14
14	1	20
15	0	6
16	1	19
17	1	16
18	0	10
19	0	8
20	1	18

**Required:**

- i. Estimate the linear probability Model. **(10 Marks)**
- ii. Interpret the results obtained in part (i). **(4 Marks)**

